FOR OFFICE USE ONLY		
ASSESSOR NO.		

OET OCCUPATIONAL ENGLISH TEST

Occupational English Test

Listening sub-test

Practice test

You may answer this sub-test in **pen or pencil**.

Please print in BLOCK LETTERS

Candidate number [ ][ ][ ] - [ ][ ][ ] - [ ][ ][ ]

Family name .....

Other name(s) .....

City .....

Date of test .....

Candidate's signature .....

YOU MUST NOT REMOVE OET MATERIAL FROM THE TEST ROOM.

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ABN 84 434 201 642

Listening Test — Part A

Time allowed: 20 minutes

In this part of the test, you will hear a general practitioner talking to Lewis, a man with a sore back.

You will hear the consultation **ONCE ONLY**, in sections.

As you listen, you must make notes about the consultation under the headings given on the answer paper.

Turn over now and look quickly through Part A. You have **ONE MINUTE** to do this.

You must give as much relevant information as you can under each of the headings provided. You may write as you listen, and there will be pauses during the consultation for you to complete your notes under the relevant heading, and to read the following heading.

There will also be two minutes at the end of the test for you to check your answers.

Give your answers in **NOTE FORM**. Don't waste time writing full sentences.

Remember you will hear the consultation **ONCE ONLY**, and you should write as you listen.

Now look at Question 1. Question 1 has been done for you.

PLEASE WRITE CLEARLY

Marker's use only

1 Reason for visit

- Hurt back recently
- Hurt it before as well

2 Previous back injury

-
-
-
-

Item 1

4

3 Sporting activities and nature of work

-
-
-
-
-
-

Item 2

6

4 History of recent incident

-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-

5 Details of pain

Pain from current injury

-
-
-
-
-
-

Marker's use only

Item 3

9

Item 4

6

Pain from previous injury

-
-
-
-

Marker's use only

Item 5

4

6 Treatment

-
-
-
-
-

Item 6

5

7 Further details of the problem

-
-
-
-
-
-
-

Item 7

7

8 **Doctor's initial comments**

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

Marker's use only

Item 8

5

9 **Results of the examination**

Doctor's explanation of the problem

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

Item 9

6

Suggested course of action

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

Item 10

7

10 Analgesics

Marker's use only

Suggested use of painkillers and reasons given

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

Item 11

6

Potential side-effects

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

Item 12

5

Using painkillers with alcohol

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

Item 13

4

11 Answers to follow-up questions and doctor's response

Marker's use only

- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

Item 14

7

Pause – 30 seconds

END OF PART A

TURN OVER FOR PART B

Listening Test — Part B

Time allowed: 24 minutes

In this part of the test, you will hear a talk on cardiac investigations.

You will hear the talk **ONCE ONLY**, in sections.

As you listen, you must answer the questions in the spaces provided on the answer paper.

Turn over now and look quickly through Part B. You have **ONE MINUTE** to do this.

You may write as you listen, and there will be pauses during the talk for you to complete your answers, and to read the following question.

Remember, you will hear the tape **ONCE ONLY**, and you should write as you listen.

Now read Question 1. Question 1 has been done for you.

PLEASE WRITE CLEARLY

Marker's use only

1 What is the speaker's profession?

- cardiologist

What is the speaker planning to cover in the talk?

- cardiac investigations
- which test is right for which patient

2 Complete the following lists.

1 Symptoms of patients with heart problems include ……

- chest pain
-
-
- syncope
-

2 Patients also visit a cardiologist because of ……

- high blood pressure
-
- abnormal
-

Item 15

6

3 Complete the following notes.

Marker's use only

CHEST PAIN

- History of pain should include:
  - _____
  - Severity
  - _____
- Patients often report feeling of _____
- Examination often not helpful, but important to check:
  - _____
  - _____
- Important to note _____ →

  Population data may be used to assess _____
- Important to remember _____

Item 16

8

4 Circle the best answer.

1 "Functional" tests assess the effect of …… on the heart

A exertion
B trauma
C drugs

2 During an exercise ECG, ischemia will be signaled by a drop in …...

A blood pressure
B heart rate
C ST waves

3 One drawback of exercise ECGs is that they are …...

A prohibitively expensive
B lacking in precision
C less effective with males

4 According to the speaker, when an exercise ECG test is negative …...

A angina should still not be ruled out
B chest pain is not related to angina
C the patient is more at risk of angina

5 Complete the gaps in the summary.

An exercise echocardiogram is a more _____ test.

It monitors the patient's left ventricular _____ and _____

before and after exercise on a _____ or _____. It's

more accurate, with sensitivity and specificity above _____. It provides more

information about the heart _____, _____ and

_____ as well as the presence of _____ myocardial

infarctions. An exercise echocardiogram provides complementary information

to _____ .

Marker's use only

Item 17

4

Item 18

6

Item 19

5

6 **Complete the stages in the flow chart below.**

Marker's use only

EXERCISE NUCLEAR SCAN

Patient is _____ and also given _____ tracer such as _____ or sestamibi.

Tracers move towards _____ in relation to _____

Images of patient taken using _____

Images depict sections of the heart in _____

Image of patients with ischemia will show _____ _____

Image of patients with myocardial infarction will show _____ _____

Item 20

9

7 Answer the following questions.

Marker's use only

1 How does the speaker define an echocardiogram?

_____

2 What does the speaker believe an echocardiogram gives a "very good idea" about?

_____

3 What are **two** causes of shortness of breath that might be seen on an echocardiogram?

- _____
- _____

4 On what grounds does the speaker criticise clinical evaluation parameters for diagnosing heart murmurs?

_____

5 How might an echocardiogram be helpful in diagnosing endocarditis?

_____

_____

Item 21

6

8 **Complete the following information cards on cardiac monitors.**

Marker's use only

HOLTER MONITOR

- Patient wears _____ connected to recording device.
- Monitors heart rhythm over a period of _____
- Patient instructed to press button when _____
- Device scanned to detect _____ and the incidences when patient pressed button.
- Analysis shows _____

Item 22

5 ☐

EVENT MONITOR

- Worn for a period of _____
- Size is _____ than Holter monitor – usually consists of _____
- Patient instructed to press button when _____
- Device measures rhythm _____

Item 23

5 ☐

IMPLANTABLE LOOP RECORDER

- Implanted under _____
- May be activated when patient _____
- Can also automatically detect _____
- Particularly useful for patients with _____

Item 24

4 ☐

9 Complete the following table.

Test	Advantages	Disadvantages
CT scan	• Provides... _____ _____	• Less experience, so used... _____ • _____ _____
MRI	• Currently useful for... _____ • In the future, may be useful for... _____	• _____

10 Circle the **best** answer.

1 New tests are being trialled with the aim of ascertaining ……

A who is likely to have a heart attack.
B what the effects of treatments will be.
C which arteries are of most importance.

2 The deficiency of current tests concerns a lack of ……

A reliability.
B efficiency.
C visibility.

END OF PART B

You now have 2 minutes to check your answers.

END OF LISTENING TEST

Marker's use only

Item 25

6

Item 26

2